

ПИСЬМЕННАЯ ЧАСТЬ

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию

Вы два раза услышите текст. Заполните пропуски в заданиях 1–5 информацией из прослушанного текста, выбрав **один** вариант ответа из предложенных.

- 1 The Swedish oldest tree does not have leaves, it has _____ .
1) needles 2) needs 3) knees
- 2 The spruce is not a _____ tree, it is only 5 metres tall.
1) jealous 2) growing 3) giant
- 3 Leif Kullman, a professor of physical _____ found the tree in 2004.
1) geography 2) economy 3) education
- 4 The North Sea lies between England and _____
1) Norway 2) Germany 3) Ireland
- 5 The winds and cold have _____ the tree over thousands of years.
1) beaten 2) damaged 3) destroyed

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Раздел 2. Задания по чтению

Прочитайте текст и определите, какие из приведенных утверждений **6–10** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 — True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 — False**) и о чем в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 — Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа.

The first parachute jump

On October, 22nd, 1797 André-Jacques Garnerin did the first successful parachute jump. It was a new, unique breathtaking experience. The brave man became a legend immediately after the jump. No one had ever attempted to drop from a dizzying height before him.

André-Jacques Garnerin was born in Paris on the 31st of January, 1769. He was captured during the Napoleonic Wars. For two years he was a prisoner of war in Buda in Hungary. This fact didn't make him give in. In prison he began thinking of a plan how to get out. The air way was the most suitable to him. At that time he started designing a parachute that could finally give him freedom. His attempts were not successful and he had to serve three years in captivity.

André-Jacques had developed his interest in flying several years before. In 1790 he built a hot air balloon and successfully rose in the air.

In 1797 the Frenchman finally dared to do the first parachute jump in history. He got into the basket of a hot air balloon and then jumped out of it over Monceau Park in his home city, Paris.

The jump was extremely frightening. His parachute did not have a special hole in the canopy (купол), so air streams made it swing. But thanks to his bravery the parachutist made his landing, though it was a hard one.

A big crowd of people was waiting for André-Jacques Garnerin around his landing spot. He became a hero. His wife Jeanne-Geneviève Labrosse shared his passion for flying. She became the first woman parachutist in the world.

On 5 July, 1802 André-Jacques made his second balloon ascent with Edward Hawke Locker from Lord's Cricket Ground in London. They travelled 17 miles from there to Chingford in just 15 minutes. They had a letter of introduction signed by the Prince Regent to give to anyone in case of a crash. However, when the war between France and Great Britain restarted, they returned to the continent. On 3rd–4th October 1803, André-Jacques covered a distance of 245 miles between Paris and Clausen, Germany, with his balloon.

It's ironic but André-Jacques died in a balloon accident. On the 18th of August, 1823 he was killed by a trunk of a tree when he was loading his balloon. He died at the age of 54.

6 André-Jacques Garnerin was the first man who did a parachute jump.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

7 The idea of building a parachute first occurred to a Frenchman.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

8 André-Jacques Garnerin began to think about flying when he was in prison.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

9 Modern parachutes have a hole in the canopy while Garnerin's invention didn't.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

10 All the members of his family were interested in flying, too.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике

Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **11–14**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **11–14**.

The Spanish language (1)

11 The Spanish language is one of the Romance languages that came from the Latin language. It is the _____ spoken Romance language in the world. In November

COMMONLY

12	2015 over 360 million people in the world spoke Spanish as their _____ language.	ONE
13	The Spanish language is used by many people in the world today. This is partly because the people of Spain _____ and colonized many different parts of the world. They created many new countries, and also new governments, in some old countries for example, Turkey.	TRAVEL
14	The countries that have Spanish as _____ official language are called the Hispanic countries. Most of them are in the Americas, which make up Latin America.	THEY

Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **15–18**, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **15–18**.

The Spanish language (2)

15	The Spanish language was _____ the language of Castile. When the Western Roman Empire fell apart, the	ORIGINAL
16	Latin language began to develop in _____ ways in various provinces. The Latin spoken in the Iberian peninsula developed first into the Ibero-Romance language in the 6th century. Castilian and Portuguese became separate languages in the 12th century.	DIFFER
17	The Catalan language is not a dialect of Spanish. It is more closely related to _____ than to Spanish.	FRANCE
18	In parts of northern Spain and _____ France, people speak the Basque language. It differs greatly from Spanish.	SOUTH

19

Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуски, обозначенные буквами **A — E**, словами из списка **1–8**. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**. В списке **три лишних слова**.

1. many 2. became 3. feel 4. doing 5. later 6. chose 7. next 8. will rise

Route 66

U.S. Route 66 was one of the original highways within the U.S. Highway System. US 66 was opened on November 11, 1926. The road signs were set up the _____ (A) year. The highway _____ (B) one of the most famous roads in the United States. Originally it ran from Chicago, Illinois, through Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona and ended at Santa Monica, California. It covered a total of 3,940 km. People _____ (C) business along the route became rich because of the growing popularity of the highway. And the same people _____ (D) fought to keep the highway alive. The new Interstate Highway System was going to take the place of US 66. US 66 underwent _____ (E) changes over its lifetime. And it was officially deleted from the United States Highway System in 1985.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

	A	B	C	D	E
Ответ:					

Раздел 4. Задание по письму

20 You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Sindy.

...I think it is very important to be good at all the subjects at school. But I am not sure that I will have only excellent marks next year. What about you? Do you think it is always necessary to do your best to get the best marks? Isn't it better to choose some subjects that you really need for your future?

Write a letter to Sindy and answer her **3** questions.

Write **80–90** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

Итоговая промежуточная аттестация по английскому языку 8 класс

Фамилия

.....

Имя

.....

Отчество
(при наличии)

.....

Ответы на задания с кратким ответом

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Задание с развернутым ответом

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.....

Ответы
Аудирование

The oldest tree in the world

It only seems that there is nothing special about this lonely tree in Sweden. But the spruce (an evergreen forest tree with leaves like needles) is probably the oldest tree in the world.

There is such a line in one of the most popular songs: "I want to become as old as a tree..." Naturally, not as old as this Swedish tree. It is about 9.500 years old. It is not a giant tree, though, and stands only 5 metres tall and is located in Dalarna province in Sweden.

It was discovered in 2004 by Leif Kullman, a professor of physical geography from one of the Swedish universities. He gave it a name — "Alt Tjikko" after his husky dog. It was possible to learn how old the tree was thanks to the modern technology of radiocarbon dating.

During the Ice Age the surface of the ocean was about 120 metres lower. That's why some parts of the modern North Sea between England and Norway were covered in forest a long time ago. This tree became so old, because of cold and special weather conditions in the area. Generally such trees are not able to live so long.

The great tree does not look perfect any more. It is quite understandable, because the harsh weather conditions have damaged it. But it is possible that the old tree will regenerate itself if the local climate gets milder in the future.

A guided tour, pre-booked only, takes tourists to the tree in summer.

The other oldest trees on Earth are located in California, North Wales, Iran, Chile and Sicily.

You have 30 seconds to complete the task. (Pause 30 seconds.)

Now you'll hear the text again. (Repeat.)

This is the end of the task. You now have 30 seconds to check your answers.

(Pause 30 seconds.)

This is the end of the Listening test.

Время, отведенное на выполнение заданий по аудированию, истекло.

1	needles
2	giant
3	geography
4	Norway
5	damaged
6	1
7	3
8	2
9	1
10	3
11	most commonly
12	first
13	travelled
14	their
15	originally
16	different
17	French
18	Southern
19	A7 B2 C4 D5 E1